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COMPLEX SYMMETRIC WEIGHTED COMPOSITION OPERATORS

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ABSTRACT. In this paper, we find complex symmetric weighted composition operators with special conjugations.

1. INTRODUCTION

Let \mathbb{D} denote the open unit disk in the complex plane. The Hardy space, denoted $H^2(\mathbb{D}) = H^2$, is the set of all analytic functions f on \mathbb{D} , satisfying the norm condition

$$\|f\|^2 = \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \int_0^{2\pi} |f(re^{i\theta})|^2 \frac{d\theta}{2\pi} < \infty.$$

The space $H^\infty(\mathbb{D}) = H^\infty$ consists of all the functions that are analytic and bounded on \mathbb{D} , with supremum norm $\|f\|_\infty = \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} |f(z)|$.

Let φ be an analytic map from the open unit disk \mathbb{D} into itself. The operator that takes the analytic map f to $f \circ \varphi$ is a composition operator and is denoted by C_φ . A natural generalization of a composition operator is an operator that takes f to $\psi \cdot f \circ \varphi$, where ψ is a fixed analytic map on \mathbb{D} . This operator is aptly named a weighted composition operator and is usually denoted by $C_{\psi, \varphi}$. More precisely, if z is in the

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unit disk then $(C_{\psi,\varphi}f)(z) = \psi(z)f(\varphi(z))$. Throughout this paper, we consider $C_{\psi,\varphi}$ on H^2 .

A bounded operator T on a complex Hilbert space H is said to be a complex symmetric operator if there exists a conjugation C (an isometric, antilinear and involution) such that $CT^*C = T$. The complex symmetric operators class was initially addressed by Garcia and Putinar (see [4] and [5]) and includes the normal operators, Hankel operators and Volterra integration operators. Invoking [6, Theorem 2], any composition operator with an involutive automorphism symbol is complex symmetric. In [1], Bourdon et al. showed that among the automorphisms of \mathbb{D} , only the elliptic ones may introduce complex symmetric operators. Moreover, they proved that for φ , not the rotation and involutive automorphism, which is elliptic automorphism of order q that $4 \leq q \leq \infty$, C_φ is not complex symmetric. In this paper we use the symbol J for the special conjugation that $(Jf)(z) = \overline{f(\bar{z})}$ for each analytic function f . In [3] and [7], all J -symmetric weighted composition operators were characterized. Recently in [8] Narayan et al. have found complex symmetric composition operators whose symbols are linear-fractional, but not an automorphism. In this paper, we investigate the results from [2]. We find all unitary weighted composition operators which are J -symmetric. Then we consider the special conjugations which are the products of these unitary weighted composition operators and the conjugation J . Next, we obtain complex symmetric weighted composition operators with these conjugations. In addition, we characterize all complex symmetric weighted composition operators which are isometries.

2. MAIN RESULTS

An operator T is said to be unitary if $T^*T = TT^* = I$. In the following proposition, we find all unitary weighted composition operators $C_{\psi,\varphi}$ which are J -symmetric.

Proposition 2.1. *The weighted composition operator $C_{\psi,\varphi}$ is unitary and J -symmetric if and only if either $\psi(z) = c \frac{(1-|p|^2)^{1/2}}{1-\bar{p}z}$ and $\varphi(z) = \frac{\bar{p}}{p} \frac{p-z}{1-\bar{p}z}$, where $p \in \mathbb{D} - \{0\}$ and $|c| = 1$ or $\psi \equiv \mu$ and $\varphi(z) = \lambda z$, when $|\mu| = |\lambda| = 1$.*

From now, we assume that $\varphi_p(z) = \frac{\bar{p}}{p} \frac{p-z}{1-\bar{p}z}$, where $p \in \mathbb{D} - \{0\}$ and $\psi_p(z) = c \frac{(1-|p|^2)^{1/2}}{1-\bar{p}z}$, when $p \in \mathbb{D}$ and $|c| = 1$.

Lemma 2.2. *If U is a unitary and complex symmetric operator with conjugation C , then UC is a conjugation.*

Proposition 2.3. *Suppose that U is unitary and complex symmetric with conjugation WJ , where W is unitary. Then an operator A is WJ -symmetric if and only if UA is UWJ -symmetric.*

In the following theorem, we find all complex symmetric weighted composition operators with conjugation UJ that U is unitary and J -symmetric weighted composition operator which was stated in Proposition 2.1.

Theorem 2.4. *Let $a_0 \in \mathbb{D}$ and $a_1, b \in \mathbb{C}$. Suppose that $\psi(z) = \frac{b}{1-a_0z}$ and $\varphi(z) = a_0 + \frac{a_1z}{1-a_0z}$ that φ is an analytic self-map of \mathbb{D} .*

(1) *For $p \neq 0$, the weighted composition operator $C_{\psi, \tilde{\varphi}}$ is complex symmetric with conjugation $C_{\psi_p, \varphi_p}J$ if and only if $\tilde{\psi} = \psi_p \cdot \psi \circ \varphi_p$ and $\tilde{\varphi} = \varphi \circ \varphi_p$ for some φ and ψ .*

(2) *For $|\lambda| = 1$, the weighted composition operator $C_{\tilde{\psi}, \tilde{\varphi}}$ is complex symmetric with conjugation $C_{\lambda z}J$ if and only if $\tilde{\psi} = \psi(\lambda z)$ and $\tilde{\varphi}(z) = \varphi(\lambda z)$ for some φ and ψ .*

In Theorem 2.5, we show that a weighted composition operator which is both a complex symmetric operator and an isometry is unitary; moreover, we find all conjugations for unitary weighted composition operators.

Theorem 2.5. *A weighted composition operator $C_{\psi, \varphi}$ is both an isometry and a complex symmetric operator if and only if $\varphi(z) = \lambda \frac{p-z}{1-\bar{p}z}$ and $\psi \equiv \psi_p$, where $|\lambda| = 1$ and $p \in \mathbb{D}$. Furthermore, if $p \neq 0$, then the conjugation for $C_{\psi, \varphi}$ is $C_{\psi_p, \varphi_p}J$.*

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